



## Partnership Titles

The Partnership titles have been chosen to reflect the many centuries of rich Christian heritage within what is now our present diocese. Each of the Partnerships is encouraged to remember with gratitude the courageous witness of those who, in various times and places, enabled our faith to survive and flourish and to ask for their prayers and those of the saints to whom the Partnership churches are dedicated.

### **A Northumberland Vicariate**

A1 Lindisfarne (*Priory, 635*)

A2 Brinkburn (*Augustinian Priory, 12<sup>th</sup>c.*)

A3 Heavenfield<sup>1</sup>

A4 Seaton Delaval (*Anglo Saxon church, Seaton, Church of Our Lady, Delaval 12<sup>th</sup>c.*)

### **B Newcastle and North Tyneside Vicariate**

B1 Tynemouth Priory (*Priory, after 653*)

B2 Jesmond St. Mary (*St. Mary's Chapel, 12<sup>th</sup>c.*)

B3 Blackfriars (*Dominican Friary, established in 1239*)

### **C South Tyneside and Gateshead Vicariate**

C1 Bede (*Jarrow, St. Paul's Monastery, 7<sup>th</sup>c.*)

C2 John Ingram (*Blessed John Ingram, martyred in Gateshead in 1594*)

C3 Ovingham (*Augustinian Priory, 1378*)

C4 Pontop<sup>2</sup>

### **D Sunderland and East Durham Vicariate**

D1 Monkwearmouth (*St. Peter's Monastery, 7<sup>th</sup>c.*)

D2 Benedict (*Birtley and elsewhere were in the care of Benedictines after the Reformation*)

D3 St. Mary the Virgin (*St. Mary the Virgin, Seaham, Anglo Saxon church, 7<sup>th</sup>c.*)

D4 Finchale (*Benedictine Priory, 12<sup>th</sup>c.*)

### **E Cleveland and South Durham Vicariate**

E1 Hilda (*Abbess of Hartlepool Abbey, 7<sup>th</sup>c.*)

E2 Escomb (*One of the oldest Anglo Saxon churches in England, 7<sup>th</sup>c.*)

E3 Hogarth<sup>3</sup>

---

<sup>1</sup> A3 Location where King Oswald raised a large wooden cross and called his troops to pray before the battle of Heavenfield (AD 633). The significance of the battle of Heavenfield lies in the re-establishment of Celtic Christianity which led to the Golden Age of the Kingdom of Northumbria. The place of battle is now a tranquil hilltop church dedicated to St Oswald, a place of prayer, inspiration and pilgrimage for centuries.

<sup>2</sup> C4 In the late 18<sup>th</sup>c. Pontop Hall was used as a refuge where students from Douai were housed and trained following the political events of the French Revolution. Subsequently, the students moved to nearby Crook Hall and then to Ushaw College.

<sup>3</sup> E3 Following the restoration of the Catholic Hierarchy in 1850, William Hogarth became the first Bishop of the newly restored Diocese of Hexham in 1850 and then of Hexham and Newcastle in 1861. He resided in Darlington until his death in 1866.